

Clinical Safety & Effectiveness Cohort # 13

High Dose Radiation Therapy Process Improvement

CENTER FOR PATIENT SAFETY & HEALTH POLICY

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Educating for Quality Improvement & Patient Safety

The Team

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 - Tony Eng, MD
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 - Maggie Autry, CT
 - Iba Aburizik Facilitator
- Department Sponsor
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AIM STATEMENT

The aim of this project is to increase the efficiency and safety of delivering High Dose Radiation therapy to patients with gynecological cancers through increased accountability, standardized processes and an overall 10% reduction in the total appointment time per procedure per day.

The process begins when a patient arrives for their appointment and ends when the patient completes their HDR treatment and receives discharge instructions. This is important to improve because it aligns with our strategic goal to improve the care of patients who have on-going radiation treatments.

Project Milestones



AIM statement created

Weekly Team Meetings

Background Data, Brainstorm Sessions,
 Workflow and Fishbone Analyses

Intervention(s) Implementation

Data Analysis

CS&E Presentation

Aug 2013

Sept 2013

Aug 2013 - Present

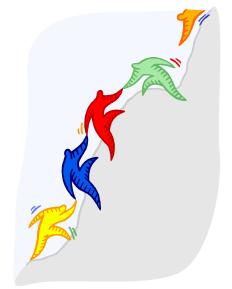
Aug 2013 – Oct 2013

Nov 2013 – On-going

Dec 2014 – On-going

Jan 2014





Background

Context

- High Dose Radiation (HDR) treatment for cervical cancer is an emerging evidenced based procedure with notable success
- Outpatient procedure
- Invasive and uncomfortable for the patient

Rationale

- At risk population
- Complex mode of delivery
 - Relies on several healthcare providers
 - Protocol span several hours and involves frequent patient hand-off
- Dangerous side effects
 - Patient
 - Providers

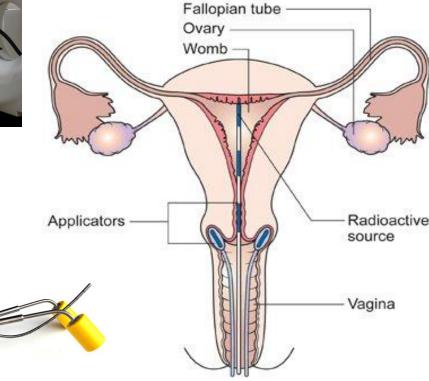


Diagram showing the position of the applicators for internal radiotherapy for cervical cancer Copyright © CancerHelp UK



Delivery of brachytherapy using applicators placed in the cervix

Image Sources: http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/cancer-help/type/cervical-cancer/treatment/radiotherapy/about-cervical-cancer-radiotherapy (top right); http://www.aboutbrachytherapy.com/en-us/patients/cancers/cervical-cancer/Pages/brachytherapy-treatment.aspx (bottom); http://www.koboldmedical.com/catablog items/pro-lock-fletcher-model-gyn-tandem-and-ovoid-setct-and-mri-compatible/ (bottom center)

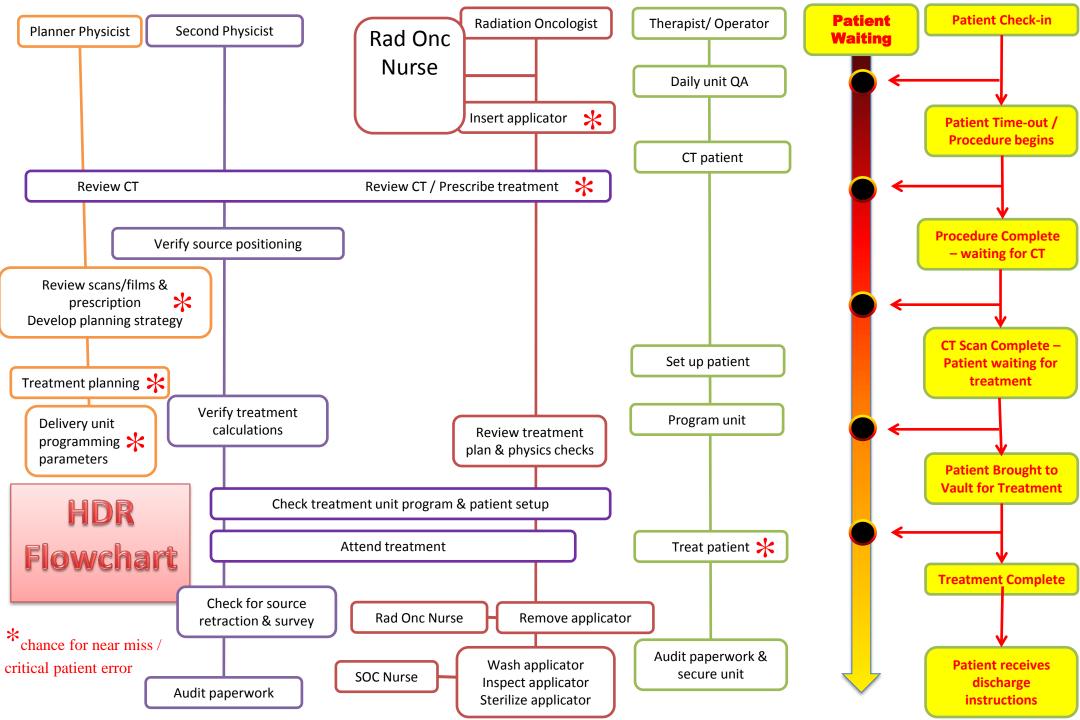
Selected Process Analysis Tools

- Process Map
- Flowchart
- Fishbone
- Chart Review
- SPC Charts

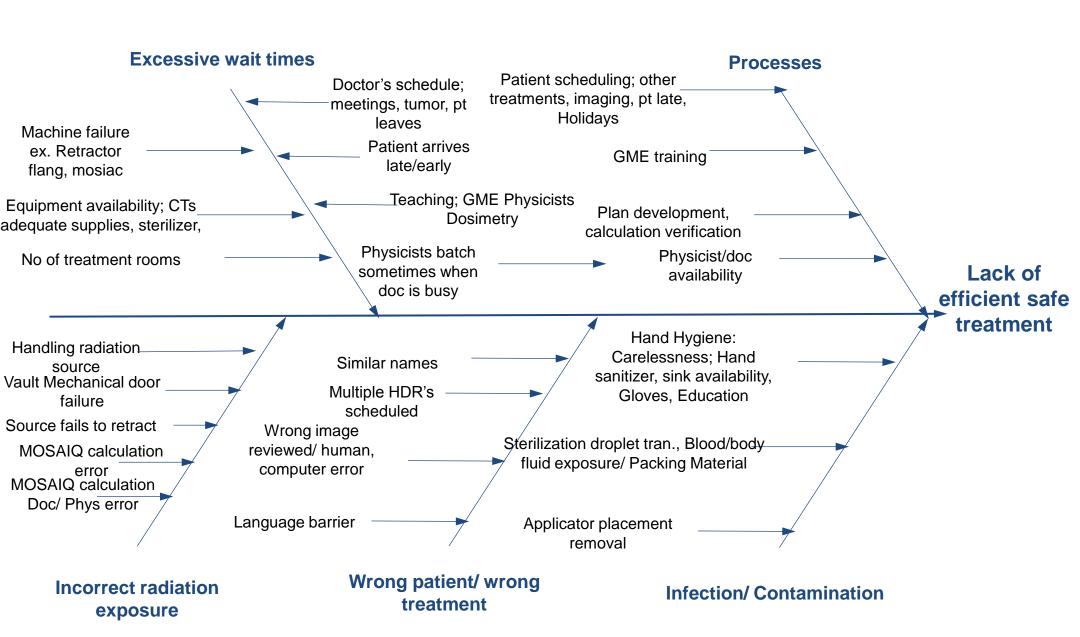


HDR Timeline Checklist and Process Map





CAUSES OF HDR Risk



Background Data Collection for Current Process Efficiency

Patient Charts reviewed (11 months of data)

- Nursing Treatment Assessment Form
- Physician Procedure Note
- MOSAIQ Software
 - Treatment Time
 - CT Image Time

Cohorts	Check-in to Procedure Time out (mean time)	Applicator Placement (mean time)	Waiting for CT (mean time)	Waiting for Transfer to vault (mean time)	Time spent on treatment (mean time)	Total Treatment Time (mean time)
Patient 1 of 1	57.5	27.1	28.5	77.1	26.1	216.3
Patient 1 of Multiple	71.67*	27.1	32.6	87.43*	36.3	255.1*
Patient 2 of Multiple	83.74*	29.3	34.2	98.33*	29.5	275.1*
*mean values were found to be statistically different						

Intervention

Changes That Will Result in an Improvement?

- Implement a checklist to standardize processes and assign accountability for the high priority steps
- Provide physician schedule access to patient scheduler
- Stagger patients appointment times by 30 minute intervals
- Give the physician a 10 minute warning for each procedure
- Physicists will get plans approved/checked as they are complete rather than waiting for both too be developed
- Assess infection control / contamination protocols standardize
- Use "patient notes" in Epic if the patient needs a translator so that the need can be anticipated

Good Practices to Sustain!!

- ✓ 2nd Physicist double checks calculation
- ✓ Calculation conferred with computer recommendation
- ✓ Nurse preps procedure room for physician
- ✓ Staff is using checklists for coding and charting
- ✓ Daily vault inspection to ensure radiation safety precautions are working
- ✓ Physicist clears vault after each treatment
- ✓ Physicist develops preliminary protocol for physician during treatment development

How Will We Know That a Change is an Improvement?

- Shortened length of stay for treatment
 - Tracking specified time intervals
 - Total decrease in total treatment time of 10%
 - Interventions target improved scheduling, care coordination and patient hand-off.
- Increase Patient Safety
 - No patient medical errors (zero radiation related errors)
 - Standardize the process/minimize chance for medical errors
 - Compliance with HDR Tracking form

HDR Tandem and Ovoid Tracking Form – November 2013

HDR Trackii	ng Form	
Nursin		
Patient Name (First, MI, Last)		
Birthdate		
MRN		
Check in time		
Sound-depth [cm]		
Tandem angle [degree]		
Ovoid diameter [cm]		
Other catheter used:		
Fraction number		
Patient time out		
Responsible Nurse - Sign & Date		
СТ		
Patient Time out: Name, MRN, fxn number		
Use HDR protocol for scanning: 5mm slice		1
RUN number and number of slices Scouts & CT scan sent		
Physician & Physicist review scan		
Responsible CT Tech - Sign & Completion Time		
,		1
Treatment planning	Planner	2nd ck
Verify import scan with Patient information in Mos	aiq	
(name, MRN, fxn number) Review previous treatment Rx in MOSAIQ		
Review scouts and verify active length		
Daily QA reviewed and approved		
Calibration file used [write down]		
Reconstruction at tip end		
Indexer length [Write down]		
Catheters- Number and labelled		
Dose points: position and label		
Optimized Weigths correctly		
Review contours		
Critical structures point doses		
critical structures point doses		
Rx completed: Dose (cGy)		
·	time:	
Rx completed: Dose (cGy)		
Rx completed: Dose (cGy) Oncentra		
Rx completed: Dose (cGy) Oncentra Oncentra	date:	
Rx completed: Dose (cGy) Oncentra Oncentra Survey meter (SN, Cal Date:)	nR/hr)	

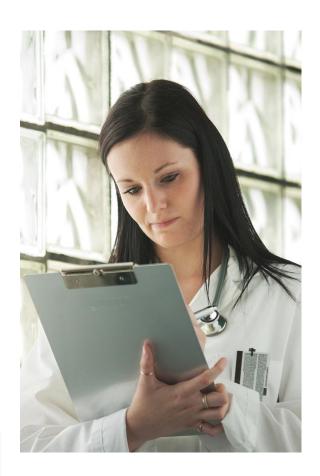
Patient Name (First, MI, Last)		Huugru	
MRN	9ma v. Hungry 8675309		
Date	10/2/2013		
Check in time		8 AM	
Sound-depth		6.5	
Tandem angle (degree)		30	
Ovoid diameter	2		
Other catheter used:			
Fraction number		5/6	
Nursing			
Patient time out		L P	
Sign, date, time	Linda Phissip	s, 10/2/13 9:42 am	
ст		00	
Patient Time out: Name. MRN. fxn number		CS CS	
Use HDR protocol for scanning: 5mm slice RUN number and number of slices	2	56	
Scouts & CT scan sent	-	CS S	
Physician & Physicist review scan	Eng	CE	
Sign, date, time	Cathy Scales,	10/2/13 10:06am	
Treatment planning	Planner	2nd ck	
Verify import scan with Patient information in Mosaiq	CE	PPM	
(name, MRN, fxn number)	04	PFM	
Review previous treatment Rx in MOSAIQ	CE	PPM	
Review scouts and verify active length	CE	PPM	
Calibration file used (write down)	7-Aug-13	7-Aug-13	
Review scan	CE	PPM	
Reconstruction at tip end	CE	PPM	
Indexer length	1499	PPM	
Catheters labelled	CE	PPM	
Dose points: position and label	CE	PPM	
Optimized correctly	CE	PPM	
Review contours	CE	PPM	
Critical structures point doses	CE	PPM	
Rx completed: Dose (cGy)	500	PPM	
Oncentra time:	CE	PPM	
Oncentra date:	CE	PPM	
Survey meter (SN , Cal Date:)	1222290	6 25 2013	
Pre-implant survey (mR/hr)	2mR/hr	PPM	
Post implant survey (mR/hr)	2mR/hr	11:45 AM	
	T£ 10/2/13 11:33am	PPM 10/2/13 11:46am	

HDR Tandem and Ovoid Tracking Form

Results – Radiation Errors

- HDR T&O Tracking form expanded to all HDR services
 - Communication
 - Accountability
 - Documentation (certification)

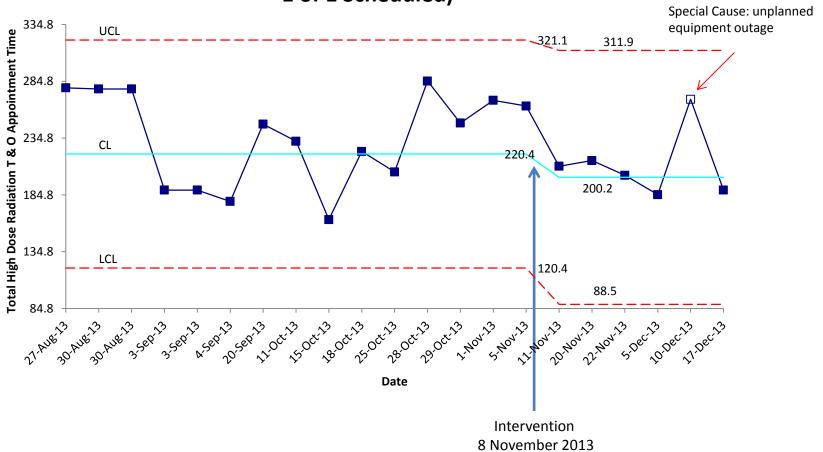
Zero radiation errors



Results

Goal Reduction	10%	20.4 minutes
Actual Reduction	9.2%	20.2 minutes

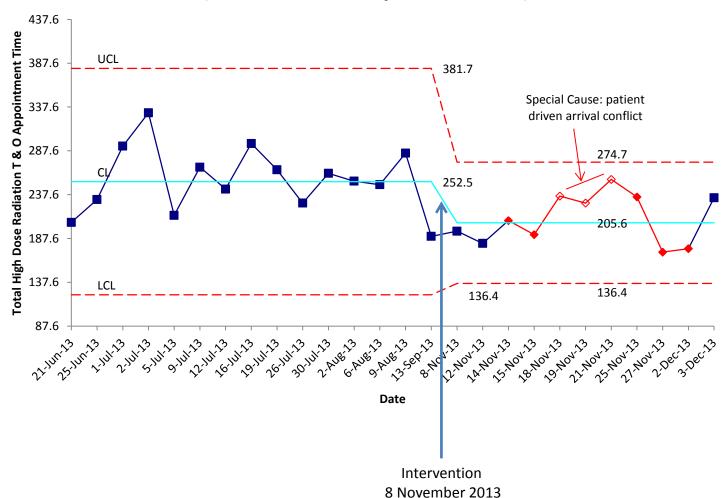
Total High Dose Radiation T & O Appointment Time (Patient 1 of 1 Scheduled)



Results

Goal Reduction	10%	25.25 minutes
Actual Reduction	18.6%	47 minutes

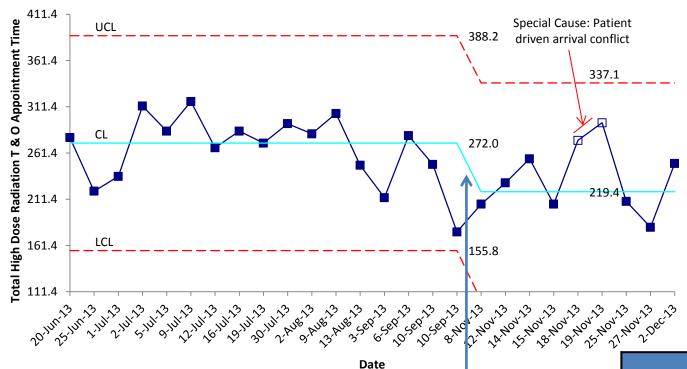
Total High Dose Radiation T & O Appointment Time (Patient 1 of Multiple Scheduled)



Results

Goal Reduction10%27.2 minutesActual Reduction19.34%52.6 minutes

Total High Dose Radiation T & O Appointment Time (Patient 2 of Multiple Scheduled)



Intervention 8 November 2013

Results Summary	Target % Reduction	Actual % Reduction
Patient 1 of 1	10%	9.2%
Patient 1 of Multiple	10%	18.6%
Patient 2 of Multiple	10%	19.34%
Weighted to	15.33%	



Step 1:

- Calculate labor cost saved per encounter: \$107.89
 - Includes reduction in direct costs for nursing, physicists, physician, and technicians time and indirect support services

Step 2:

Cost of labor x ~ 230 encounters annually:\$24,815.30*

- *Additional cost benefits excluded from the calculation
 - Reduction in medication costs
 - Costs associated with facility rent and other support services

Soft / Qualitative Benefits

- Patient Satisfaction
- Improved staff communication & patient hand-off
 - Potential reduction in medical errors
- Standardized work flow
 - Better resource utilization and increased clinic throughput
 - Annual certification tool for radiology services
- Identification of other performance improvement opportunities



Future Project Ideas

- Clinic template updates
 - Validating time requirements
 - Balancing physician availability with nursing support staff
- Updated patient check-in policies
 - Patients arriving extremely early or late for appointments
 - Consider further staggering appointments to 45 min

Sustainment / Conclusion

Plan

- Continuous data collection and tracking
 - HDR daily huddles
 - Monthly updates with SPC Charts
 - Quarterly review of tracking requirement

Challenges

- Appointment conflicts with partner clinics
- Timely investigation of process variation between service areas

Thank you!



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